



# TANZANIA, AFRICA: MT. KILIMANJARO

## Training Plan

### Training Plan

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**The best exercise you can do to prepare for Mt. Kilimanjaro is trekking. Start training at least three to four months prior to your departure.**

Early and proper training will allow your body to gradually increase strength, avoid potential injury and reduce aches and pains on the mountain. In addition to trekking, other forms of aerobic training and weight training should be a part of your overall training plan.

Climbing Mt. Kilimanjaro is about endurance and stamina. You have to be able to walk with a 10-15 lb. backpack for up to 8 hours a day, for seven days. A strong body is essential for this type of trekking. There are a few demanding sections on each day. Summit day will be a minimum of 10-12 hours on your feet.

### Legs

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Strong, conditioned legs make it easier to walk uphill and downhill for sustained periods of time and protects the knees.

### Core

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Core strength helps stabilize the entire body and supports the hips, back and all the muscles in the midsection. This is your center of gravity, where all body movements begin.

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### Back & Shoulders

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Upper body strength prevents fatigue while carrying a weighted backpack.

### Aerobic Fitness

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Aerobic strength allows the body to function efficiently with less oxygen. A trained body is more likely to withstand the stress of consecutive days of trekking and camping.

### Positive Mental Attitude

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A positive attitude will work wonders for you when you are fatigued and out of your comfort zone.

If you've never trekked before, visit a reputable outdoor store. They can assist you in selecting a proper trekking boot to fit your foot. We suggest both a low-rise and a hi-rise waterproof trekking boot. Early training will allow you time to find the best fitting boots.

Lace up your boots and start trekking! Aim for 3-4 treks each week. If you are not trekking, you should be doing aerobic training 3-4 times each week. Begin with a slow pace and gradually increase as your fitness level improves.

### Training Suggestions

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1. Trek a minimum of 60 minutes per session. Gradually build up the length of time on your feet and distance covered.
2. Set your goal to be able to trek at least 4-6 hours, with moderate elevation changes (1,000ft/305m).
3. As you get stronger, add a backpack and gradually increase the carry weight until you are comfortable carrying a 15lb backpack.
4. On some training days, shorten the time interval or distance and increase the pace for a maximum of 30-45 minutes, as hard as you can go; almost to the point of exhaustion!
5. In the Phoenix area, Camelback and Piestewa Peak Mountains are great areas for training treks for this length of time. Time yourself on your favorite trail and try to improve with every workout. You will see improvement!



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### Alternative Outdoor Aerobic Training

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- Hill running
- Road running
- Cycling
- Nordic skiing
- Swimming
- Speed walking

### Alternative Outdoor Aerobic Training

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- Stairmaster (or a similar machine that resembles stepping up). Begin with 15 minutes, working up to 1-2 hours. Set it to 30 steps per minute.
- Treadmill: Increase the incline for uphill walking
- Exercise bike: Select a hill program
- Jacob's Ladder

*Set your goal to increase distance and pace. As you get stronger, wear your boots and backpack when appropriate.*

### Alternative Outdoor Aerobic Training

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- Deadlift
- Forward and backward walking lunges
- Squats
- Box step ups and step downs
- Standing calf raises

### Flexibility

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Increased flexibility will reduce stiffness from a long day of hiking. Daily stretching should be included in your training program.

- Hamstrings
- Quads
- Calves
- Shoulders
- Hip flexors
- IT band

**Focus on weak areas – Trekking will find your weakest area! The descent, in particular, will put strain on your knees, back and hips. Include a specific strength program to eliminate problems in these areas.**



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### Early Training Benefits

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- Allows you to try different types of boots and socks to ensure a proper fit that is comfortable and will not give you blisters.
- Allows time to become familiar with your gear. Each climber should know how the gear works and ensure that it fits properly.
- Allows time to take some days off of training to allow the body to recover. Build up to 5 days of training with 2 days of rest.

### Trekking Poles:

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Are highly recommended to use on Mt. Kilimanjaro. Use your poles during your training treks.

**Consult your physician before beginning any exercise program. A personal trainer can be helpful to identify or create specific exercises best suited for your ability level.**

Go online to research weight training specific for trekking. This will be helpful to understand the suggested exercises listed above.

Prior to trekking, make sure your backpack and waist belt are properly fitted for your body. Refer to the K2AT packing list for a complete list of gear for your trek.

The exercises listed above are to be used as a guide to prepare you for your trek. It is up to you to select a program that best suits your ability, lifestyle and where you live. Feel free to contact Kevin Cherilla at [kevin@k2adventures.org](mailto:kevin@k2adventures.org) with questions relating to your training.

**If you reach your training goals, you're ready for the real thing.**

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## We look forward to traveling with you!

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